Name	_ Exploring the Religions of Our World 3 rd Ed	
	Directed Reading Worksheet	
Date	Chapter 4: Islam	

Directions: Read through the chapter and fill in the missing information. All the questions run in the same order as the relevant information is presented in the chapter. Multiple words may fit on the same blank. If a true/false statement is false, correct it.

INTRODUCTION: SUBMISSION BRINGS INNER FREEDOM (pp. 176–178)

1. Islam is an	religious tradition a	and is one of the
	growing religions in the world. It came or	to the world scene in the
	century CE. The Arabic word "	" means "surrender" or
"	" to God's will. An	of Islam is called
a	which means "one who submits."	

2. Explain what it means to say that Muslims believe all creation is Muslim.

3. True or False? Muslims believe that Muhammad restored Islam, he did not found it.

1. A BRIEF HISTORY OF ISLAM (pp. 180–196)

4. In	_ CE Muhammad said the angel	told him to become a
messenger of _	Muhammad would continue to receive	
throughout the rest of his life, and he would share these revelations with others. Some of the		
	of the revelations are familiar to the beliefs of	f Jews and Christians; the

revelations commanded listeners to believe in one _____, care for the poor and

_____, and await a final ______ for all.

- **5.** True or False? Umar employed military conquest to expand Islam into Persia, Damascus, and Jerusalem.
- **6.** True or False? The frequent rivalries and ensuing violence between rival factions of Muslims led to discord that has continued all throughout the Modern Period.
- 7. Explain the differing views that arose between Shi'ah Muslims and Sunni Muslims regarding leadership.

- **8.** True or False? As Muslim culture began to spread into a vast empire, the caliphs began to play a more important role in the religious realm than the temporal realm.
- **9.** By way of examples, explain why the period between the eighth and thirteenth centuries became thought of as the Golden Age of Islam.

10. In ______, the remnant Umayyads ruled from ______, where they were free to develop religious ______ and an Islamic civilization of their own with magnificent palaces, ______, and libraries. However, many Muslims fled or were

- 11. True or False? Modern day conflict between Christians and Muslims can, in part, be traced back to the time of the Christian missionaries who tried to reclaim the people and land that had once been Christian.
- 12. Explain the two views of the Islamic reform movements that developed during the Modern Period.

13. The	_ Empire was defeated in the early	century
after siding with the	during World War I. Afterv	vards, a
	_ movement arose in Turkey, where a secu	llarized
was es	stablished. Also, continued interventions i	n the region from both the
East and the West created a great deal of social and bitterness and		bitterness and
ine	quality.	

14. True or False? The founding of the State of Israel in 1948, following World War II, helped to ease tensions in the East.

15. How did extremist Muslims defend their terrorist actions against the West on September 11, 2001?

2. SACRED STORIES AND SACRED SCRIPTURES (pp. 198–202)

- **16.** True or False? The most sacred book for Muslims is the Qur'an because it contains the revelations Muhammad received directly from God.
- 17. What, according to Muslims, makes the Qur'an different from the writings of Judaism and Christianity?

18. Wh	en allegedly received the revelations, he		
	them and passed them on to his		who later
wrot	te them down. Thus, the word <i>Qur'an</i> means "	." These	
reve	lations, which Muslims refer to as "," were received in		
and	Medina.		

19. Explain the difference between the Sunnah and the Hadith.

3. BELIEFS AND PRACTICES (pp. 204–213)

20. What is the English translation of the Arabic words recited by Muslims daily?

21. List the four key beliefs of Muslims.

- **22.** True or False? Muslims believe that the Judeo-Christian prophets were Muslims because they submitted to God's will, but Abraham is the most important prophet of all.
- 23. Using the English terms, list the Five Pillars of Islam and briefly explain each.

- **24.** True or False? Though Fridays are not understood as the equivalent of a Sabbath, it is a special day of prayer for Muslims.
- 25. True or False? Abraham and Ishmael rebuilt the Ka'bah once built by Noah to worship God.
- 26. True or False? To become a Muslim, one simply has to recite the Hadith.

4. SACRED TIME (pp. 214–216)

28	28. Eid al-Fitr, the "breaking of the	_," marks the end of
	and is the most important festivals in	Eid al-Adha, the festival of
	, is second only to Ramadan a:	nd is celebrated at the end of the
	It commemorates	willingness to sacrifice his son

29. True or False? The feast of Ashura commemorates the day God freed the Hebrews from the Egyptians.

5. SACRED PLACES AND SACRED SPACES (pp. 218–222)

30. The _______ is the place of public worship for Muslims. The word means "place of ________ in prayer" and is used for both private or communal _______, weddings, and meetings. It is typically built in the form of a _______ and is highlighted by a _______, a tower where the _______ proclaims the call to prayer.

31. Explain the important of Mecca and Medina for Muslims.

32. Explain why the city of Jerusalem is holy for Muslims.

6. CATHOLICS DIALOGUE WITH MUSLIMS (pp. 224–226)

33. List the numerous similarities between Catholics and Muslims according to the Second Vatican Council.

34. Muslims do not accept the o	central of the Christian faith, the
doctrine of the	Further, while Catholics believe Jesus is
both divine and	, Muslims do not acknowledge his
bu	t hold that he was a prophet, second only to
	Finally, while they believe Jesus was born of the
	_, they do not believe Jesus was crucified because God would
not let the	happen.