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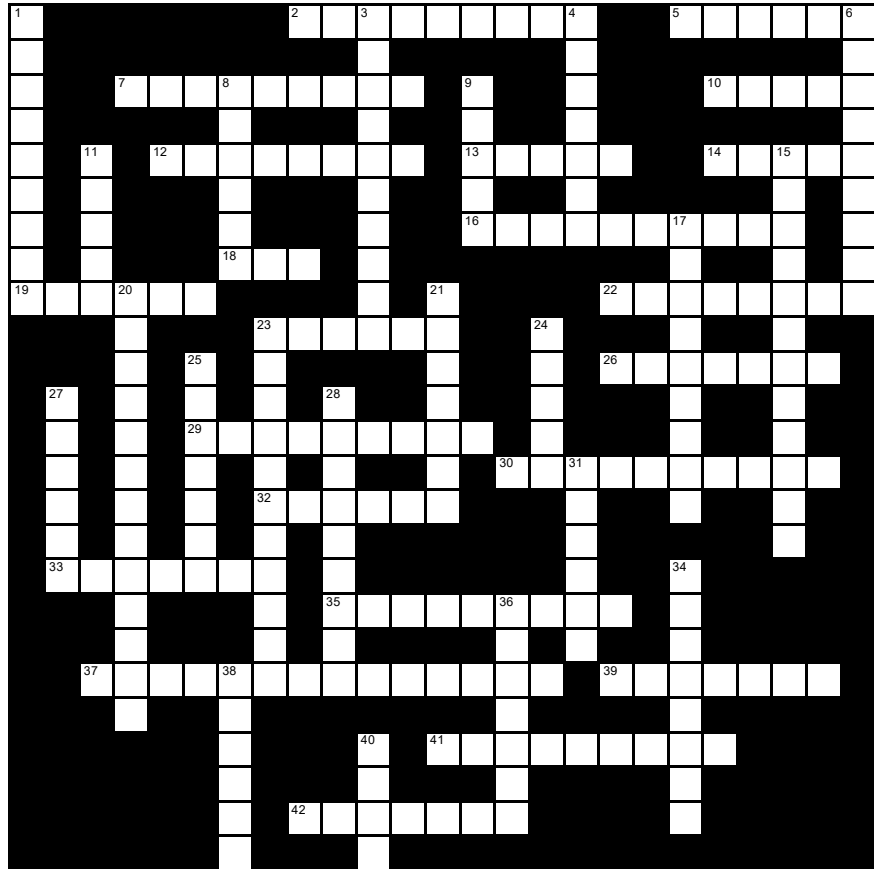
Chapter 10 The Old Testament Our Call to Faith and Justice

Across

- 2 A group of Jews whose response to foreign rule was cultural and religious separatism (9)
- 5 A fictional woman who chides the Jews for their inaction against Holofernes and promises that YHWH will save his people through her (6)
- 7 Originally an aristocratic group of wealthy Jews in Jerusalem who favored strict adherence to the letter of the Torah and regarded Temple worship as essential (9)
- 10 Called "Maccabeus" which may be translated as "the Hammer" (5)
- 12 The Festival of Lights; it marks the military victory of Judas Maccabeus (8)
- 13 The local leader of a community's synagogue, respected for his piety and knowledge of the Law (5)
- 14 A brutal ruler who became king of Judea and is noted for his building projects, including the restoration of the Second Temple (5)
- 16 A priest from the village of Modein who led a revolt against the Seleucid powers (10)
- 18 The Pharisees valued adherence to the ____ and exhibited great respect for teachers and interpreters of the Torah (3)
- 19 A story saying it is better for the Jews to negotiate with foreign kings than to oppose them with military force (6)
- 22 Jewish historian who lived in the first century AD and provides important information about the period of the first and second centuries BC (8)
- 23 Commonly known as Passover, it celebrates the Hebrews freedom from Egyptian slavery (6)
- 26 A Jewish political movement to return the Jews to their homeland of Palestine (7)
- 29 He forbade study of the Law, observance of the Sabbath, and circumcision of male children (9)
- 30 The translation of the Hebrew Scriptures into Greek (10)
- 32 The Feast of Booths or Tabernacles, commemorates the forty years the Jews spent in the desert when they had to protect themselves by constructing huts (6)
- 33 Ancient scrolls containing the oldest known manuscripts of the books of the Old Testament in Hebrew (4,3)
- 35 The dynasty descending from Ptolemy I that ruled Egypt and Palestine from 320 to 200 BC (9)
- 37 The official religion of the Persian Empire that understood the universe to be caught in a constant struggle between light and darkness (14)
- 39 A group of Jews whose resistance to foreign influence took them to the extreme position of living in entirely separate communities in the desert (7)
- 41 A non-violent resistance to occupying powers that was influenced by Isaiah (9)
- 42 The lamp that was supposed to burn in the Holy of Holies (7)

Down

- 1 A meeting place for study and prayer introduced by the Pharisees to foster study of the Law and



- adherence to the Covenant Code (9)
- 3 A great seaboard city known as the "Jewel of the Mediterranean" (10)
- 4 Another name for the Jewish Sabbath (7)
- 6 A group of Jews who supported the Maccabees in their military effort against Antiochus IV (9)
- 8 A young Hebrew taken into the Babylonian king's service, where he distinguishes himself by his interpretation of dreams and prophecy (6)
- 9 The Feast of Lots, celebrates the victory of Jews over the Persian prime minister Haman in the fifth century BC (5)
- 11 A deuterocanonical book from the second or third century BC that is written as a religious novel (5)
- 15 Celebration of the Jewish New Year (4,8)
- 17 Descendants of the Maccabees who ruled in Judea from after the ousting of the last of the Syrians in 141 BC until the establishment of Roman authority in 63 BC (9)
- 20 The process of imposing Greek culture on conquered civilizations (13)
- 21 Also known as Pentecost, was originally a harvest festival celebrating the first of the wheat harvest (7)
- 23 They removed the deuterocanonical books from the Old Testament in the sixteenth century (11)
- 24 The common Greek language introduced in Palestine
- 25 A Jewish sect, active during New Testament times, who favored military resistance to Roman authority (7)
- 27 A collection of rabbinical teachings compiled after the destruction of the Jerusalem Temple in AD 70 (6)
- 28 The Day of Atonement, a day when Jews ask forgiveness for both communal and personal sins (3,6)
- 31 A Roman general who separated the civil and religious powers in Judea, appointing his own high priest in Jerusalem and setting up a puppet king (6)
- 34 Their rule over Palestine lasted more than two hundred years, from the time of Cyrus's conquest of Babylon until the arrival of Alexander the Great (8)
- 36 The Zealot's belief in the coming of the ____ was strongly linked to their desire for Jewish independence (7)
- 38 Jewish belief in ____ and in Satan's influence can be traced to the influence of Zoroastrianism (6)
- 40 Temples of most religions throughout the region of Palestine served as the local " ____ " so they were nearly always prime targets for outside conquerors (4)
- by Alexander the Great in 333 BC (5)