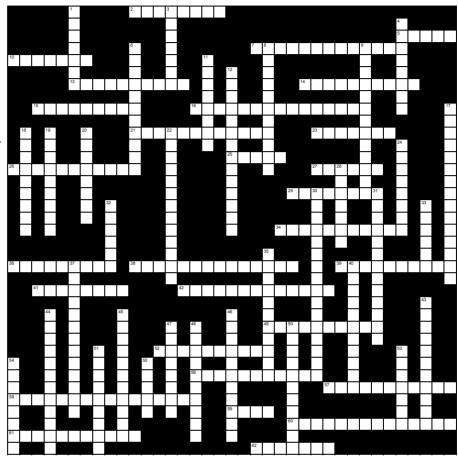
This Is Our Church Chapter Six - Difficult

Across

- 2. Visitation nun who received visions of Jesus asking her to promote devotion to him as the Sacred Heart
- **5.** One of the marks of the Church
- 7. The Apostle of the Indies
- 10. Cardinal who effectively ruled France for King Henry IV, who was just five years old at the time he became king
- **13.** Religious skepticism or indifference
- **14.** A Dominican bishop who worked vigorously for rights for native people
- 15. French Protestants
- **16.** He was a Catholic convert whose writings showed how the pursuit of a liberal arts education and a rigorous intellectual life were a fundamental part of the Catholic tradition
- **21.** After the French Revolution a secular and _____ mentality infected France



- 23. The Blessed Mother to St. Bernadette Soubirous in ____, France
- **25.** A belief that God allows the laws of creation to govern without any involvement on his part
- **26.** Famous North American saint who was martyred along with seven others in preaching Christ's love and salvation to

the Native Americans

- 27. Philosopher who argued that the Catholic Church's claim to divine origin has to be true because the Church had survived numerous attempts to destroy her
- **29.** The French Revolution began with Parisians storming this infamous prison
- **34.** Louis XIV's claim to French

independence from the Roman pontiff is known as

- **36.** A royal family that controlled Germany and supported Catholic attempts to win back Protestants
- **38.** Ceaselessly worked to lessen the evils of slavery in Peru
- **39.** The Peace of ____ ended the Thirty Years War, legalized

- Calvinism in Germany, and gave Protestantism equal status with Catholicism
- **41.** Popular Enlightenment writer who ridiculed Christianity and Church dogmas
- **42.** A plan of a few Catholic nobles to blow up the English Parliament and the King
- **49.** The Founding Fathers of America favored ____ of church and state and extended religious toleration to all
- **52.** The dogma of the Immaculate ____ of Mary was declared in 1854
- **56.** The ____ War was a series of wars in Germany tragically fueled by religious intolerance of Lutherans, Calvinists, and Catholics
- **57.** Describes the state control over the Church in Austria
- **58.** She helped to found the Daughters of Charity along with Vincent de Paul
- **59.** The Glorious Revolution of 1688 refers to the time when Parliament deposed James II and elevated his Protestant daughter, ____, to the

throne.

- **60.** The belief that all religions are equal
- 61. French dictator who tried to force the clergy to take an oath in support of the French Revolution's anti-Catholic manifesto
- **62.** They were missionaries sent by Pope Alexander VI to North America

Down

- 1. This religious order was suppressed by Pope Clement XIV due to political pressures
- 3. English king who adopted policies that made the Anglican religion resemble Catholicism
- **4.** Calvinists who wished to purify the Church of England of its "popish superstition"
- **6.** The Church lost these during the long reign of Pope Pius IX
- **8.** Stressed the power of human reason to explain reality apart from divine revelation and religious authority
- 9. Perhaps the greatest organizer of charity in history, he also founded the Congregation of the Mission to bring

- people back to the faith
- **11.** Pope Pius IX called himself the ____ of the Vatican
- 12. Saint who embarked on a mission of preaching to reconquer Calvinists and later became bishop of Geneva
- **17.** He founded the St. Vincent de Paul Society
- **18.** Taught the utter depravity of human nature and that God's grace extends to only a few
- **19.** Founder of the Christian Brothers, an order of teaching brothers, he believed in education for the poor
- **20.** Seized the Papal States and took Pope Pius VII captive for six years
- 22. Papal ____ says that the Pope is preserved from error when teaching dogmatically on matters of faith and morals
- **24.** Held that humans are powerless and should not try to resist temptations since they are God's will

- **28.** The Church has always taught that faith and ____ are not opposed
- **30.** Pope Pius IX's condemnation of rationalism, socialism, liberal capitalism, pantheism, materialism, divorce, attacks on the traditional family, and accommodation to the modern world
- **31.** Also known as the Age of Reason, it gave rise to political revolutions
- 32. In the Edict of
 _____, French
 Protestants were free
 to practice their
 religion in certain
 areas of France
- **33.** Pope Alexander VI sent Portuguese missionaries here
- **35.** A secret society, an offshoot of Deism, attacked Christianity
- **37.** A word that means beyond the mountains, it refers to papal supporters in France
- **40.** Taught that the only reality is what we can perceive with our five senses
- **43.** Missionary in China who tried to adapt Christianity to the culture of Eastern civilizations
- **44.** Outrageous claims made by Louis XIV which effectively tried

to weaken the influence of the Pope

- **45.** Ministered to the slaves in Colombia and the West Indies
- **46.** A vigorous campaign to celebrate German identity which tried to diminish papal influence
- **47.** Puritan leader who ruled as Lord Protector of England, trying to turn England into a theocracy
- **48.** The virtue-filled form of Christian self-discipline
- **50.** The Office of the of the Faith was created by Pope Gregory XV to coordinate and centralize missionary activity
- **51.** A famous Catholic cardinal in charge of French policy in France who put the national interests of France over the Catholic identity of Europe
- **53.** Pope Pius IX convoked the first ____ Council in 1869
- **54.** He referred to religion as a drug that kept people content with their station in life
- **55.** King ____ XIV extended his theory of governance to religion where he believed

there should be one king, one law, one faith