

## The Journey to the Promised Land Begins

## Across

**1.** Jews celebrate today to \_\_\_\_\_ the saving actions of God and give thanks for them. (96)

**3.** "Laws that are concerned primarily with restoring community after an offense has occurred."(2 words)(103) **10.** "Laws dealing with the day to day issues that arise between people living." (103)

**11.** The arrangement of the plagues into three sets by \_\_\_\_\_ phrases was an interesting literary technique. (95)

**12.** It is the spirit of justice and community

in the Mosaic Law that are embraced by Jesus in the \_\_\_\_.(104)

**13.** The Biblical portrayal presents the plagues as directed against \_\_\_\_\_. (94)

**14.** God's name is \_\_\_\_\_ because God is mysterious. (91)

**16.** "Laws which govern the actions of the priests, the regulations for sacrifice, and the building and maintenance of the Temple."(103)

18. The Church continues to teach that today there are very \_\_\_\_\_, if \_\_\_\_\_, situations in which

execution of a person is necessary.(2 words)(101)

**19.** "Every seventh sabbatical year in which all debts were to be forgiven, and land that had been sold to pay a debt was to be returned to the original family."(105)

**21.** The Catechism states, "God \_\_\_\_\_ Israel as his people by freeing them from slavery in Egypt." (94)

**22.** Besides whole offerings, there were also \_\_\_\_\_ offerings and \_\_\_\_\_ offerings.(2 words)(105)

**24.** The eighth plague (93)

**26.** The Hebrews believed that when people sinned, they were guilty themselves and must be \_\_\_\_\_. (105)

**29.** A group of non-Egyptians who came to power in Egypt between 1650 an 1500 B.C. (88)

**32.** The fourth commandment begins the second part of the Ten Commandments having to do with love for \_\_\_\_\_. (101)

**33.** The Catechism points out that during his encounter with God, Moses also learns to \_\_\_\_\_. (92)

**35.** The Catechism teaches that the Ten

Commandments "sum up and \_\_\_\_\_ God's law."(88)

**37.** The book of the Bible which contains "the final words of Moses"(108)

**39.** The Exodus stories teach that with liberation comes . (95)

**40.** The mountain where Moses received the Ten Commandments. (88)

**42.** To deliberately miss Sunday Mass is sinful. (101)

**43.** Sexual love must only be shared in the intimacy of a loving \_\_\_\_\_. (102)

**45.** The book of the Bible that gets its name from two censuses of the Hebrew people. (98)

**49.** "The telling of a person's faults for no good reason." (102)

**51.** We must \_\_\_\_\_ God's name and never us the name of God, Jesus, Mary, or the saints in an improper way. (100)

**52.** Darkness was the \_\_\_\_\_ plague. (93)

**53.** Moses' name is given to establish his Hebrew \_\_\_\_\_. (90)

**54.** The Ten Commandments are at the \_\_\_\_\_ of the Sinai Covenant. (88) **57.** Purity can be one way of insuring that people maintain a identity. (106)

**58.** The Catechism states, "When the Church celebrates the \_\_\_\_\_\_, she commemorates Christ's Passover." (96)

**59.** God calls the simple and \_\_\_\_\_, the questioning and the \_\_\_\_\_, and often the weak and the few. (2 words) (92)

61. The Church teaches that killing is \_\_\_\_\_\_ in selfdefense or when protecting the life of another. (2 words)(101)

64. The Hebrew term usually translated "\_\_\_\_" can also be translated "family group" or "village group" (98)

**66.** Moses finally answers God's call, clutching a staff in hand as a reminder that he does not go \_\_\_\_. (92)

**68.** The final and tenth plague was death of the \_\_\_\_. (93)

**70.** What the Hebrews most frequently called "\_\_\_\_\_" was actually indentured servitude. (104)

**71.** The Ten Commandments state clearly what is \_\_\_\_\_ in the law of love of God and neighbor and Catholics in every generation are \_\_\_\_\_ to keep them. (2 words)(100)

72. Jews do not \_\_\_\_\_ God's name because they believe it to be so sacred that they must not speak it. (91)

**76.** The name given to the agreement between God and the Chosen People is often referred to as the "\_\_\_\_\_" (2 words)(99)

**79.** The fifth commandment also commands us not to "kill" our <u>with</u> harmful addictions or unhealthy ways of life. (101)

**80.** The Gospel of \_\_\_\_\_ was originally intended for Jewish Christian audiences and compared Jesus to Moses.(107)

**82.** The Ten Commandments are the \_\_\_\_\_ of ancient Biblical law. (100)

**84.** God is the \_\_\_\_\_ of the plagues, not an event of nature. (94)

**86.** The Torah was most likely recorded many years later when the Jewish people were themselves in \_\_\_\_\_. (108)

**87.** The people exiled in Babylon would have been comforted

and \_\_\_\_\_ by the stories that celebrated the liberation of slaves. (88)

**89.** Deuteronomy seems to reflect the time of the prophets during which interests in \_\_\_\_\_ were prevalent. (2 words) (104)

**90.** The Ten Commandments, the Law, gave the Israelites moral, civil, and worship \_\_\_\_\_ which allowed them to become a holy people. (88)

**93.** His name translates from Hebrew as "to draw out" (90)

**94.** The beginning of Exodus is largely \_\_\_\_\_ material, bridging the gap from Joseph to Moses. (88)

**95.** God is known by what he \_\_\_\_\_, not by special names or words. (91)

**97.** You owe your parents \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ for as long as you live at home. (2 words)(101)

**99.** The third plague is known as the plagues of lice or \_\_\_\_. (93)

**101.** The name "Jehovah" is actually a \_\_\_\_\_\_ reading that some Christians use for God's Name. (91)

**105.** The fourth plague (93)

**106.** The name "\_\_\_\_" literally means "Yahweh Saves." (91)

**107.** In Deuteronomy, Moses \_\_\_\_\_ much of the story of the Exodus and \_\_\_\_\_ the people to keep the covenant that God made with them at Sinai.(2 words)(108)

**110.** The book of Numbers explains the social \_\_\_\_\_ of Israel into twelve tribes. (98)

**111.** It is the Ten Commandments that contains a "\_\_\_\_\_ expression of the natural law."(104)

**112.** Catholics are required by Church law to \_\_\_\_\_ in Sunday Mass or in its Saturday vigil. (101)

**115.** "The participation of man in God's eternal law that reveals what he intends us to do and avoid according to his wise and loving plan." (2 words)(99)

**118.** The fourth commandment forbids \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_.(2 words) (101)

**119.** The seventh plague (93)

**120.** According to Deuteronomy, Moses was only allowed to \_\_\_\_\_ Canaan.(108)

**121.** God does not need the mighty, only the \_\_\_\_. (92)

**122.** It is suggested that Deuteronomy represents further moral development from the older Covenant Code, a \_\_\_\_\_\_ of the laws of slavery. (104)

**123.** Moses meets God in a \_\_\_\_\_\_that does not burn. (2 words)(91)

## Down

**1.** "Gossiping about another person." (102)

2. God \_\_\_\_ his will to the Israelites. (95)

**4.** Jesus restored God's original intent that marriage be \_\_\_\_\_ by forbidding divorce. (102)

**5.** Moses' father-inlaw who suggests that Moses select some helpers from among the people to assist in organizing the group. (97)

6. The seventh commandment is a matter of \_\_\_\_\_ as we must respect the property rights of others. (102)

7. \_\_\_\_\_ involves a self-mastery over one's sexuality. (101)

8. We should also respect our own name and strive for \_\_\_\_. (101)

**9.** \_\_\_\_\_ also includes things such as cheating on a test, and vandalism. (102)

**15.** Chapter 11 is the story of the Israelites leaving Egypt following the first \_\_\_\_\_. (96)

**17.** One of the basic human drives and needs is in \_\_\_\_\_ life. (99)

**20.** In the early life of Israel, the people values family \_\_\_\_\_, property, and animals. (103)

**23.** Moses intervenes in two fights and kills an \_\_\_\_\_ slave master to prevent him from beating a Hebrew slave. (90)

**25.** Christians pronounce God's name believing that what God has revealed is intended for our \_\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_. (2 words)(91)

**26.** Some Egyptians and possibly other \_\_\_\_\_ left with the Hebrews, so it was a group of mixed ancestry. (98)

**27.** The Exodus stories teach us about God and the \_\_\_\_\_ of his people, the Israelites. (95)

28. The basic covenant between God and the people \_\_\_\_\_\_ the people to obedience to the Law. (100)

**30.** The Hebrews told birth stories of famous people, especially

stories of previously barren women \_\_\_\_\_ giving birth. (89)

**31.** The fifth plague (93)

**34.** "The seeking of riches and the power that comes with them." (102)

**36.** The Catechism says "God, who reveals himself as 'I AM,' reveals himself as the God who is always there, \_\_\_\_\_ to his people in order to save them." (91)

**38.** Moses was actually a very \_\_\_\_\_ hero. (92)

**40.** The sixth commandment encompasses the whole of human \_\_\_\_\_. (101)

**41.** This code covers mainly priestly laws and traditions. (105)

**44.** Stories of the Torah brought the Jews in Exile hope, and reminded them to resist \_\_\_\_\_\_ into the various cultures that surrounded them.(108)

**46.** The Purity Laws of Leviticus represented the Israelites' social fears of \_\_\_\_\_ from foreign cultures. (106)

**47.** The stories in the book of Exodus of the complaints of the Israelites in the desert

against Moses and against God. (97)

**48.** Their liberation was only part of the agreement. Learning and keeping their \_\_\_\_\_\_ as required by the Law was the other part. (99)

**50.** The \_\_\_\_\_\_ is considered to much older than the Deuteronomic Code. (2 words)(104)

**54.** According to the laws of Jubilee, after forty-nine years each man was free to return to his own \_\_\_\_. (107)

**55.** The second plague (93)

**56.** Any \_\_\_\_\_ of the truth is a violation of the eighth commandment. (102)

**60.** The emphasis of Biblical laws is on \_\_\_\_\_ of the community and the maintenance of social life. (103)

**62.** A sacrament that brings a restoration of relationship between a sinner, God, and the Church is the sacrament of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.(2 words)(103)

**63.** "To desire something that is not one's own." (102)

**65.** The Ten Commandments summarize the \_\_\_\_\_ of all who love God. (99) **67.** The Sabbath is a day to rest and to \_\_\_\_\_ God for his works of salvation. (101)

**69.** One explanation for animal sacrifice was that the person who brought a sacrifice offered the animal as a replacement for himself as he identified with the sacrificial victim and thus expressed his \_\_\_\_.(105)

73. When God called Moses, he voiced four \_\_\_\_\_\_ to being chosen.(92)

**74.** The Passover event can be understood as punishment on the Egyptian people for the Pharaoh's original decree. In other words, violence leads to \_\_\_\_\_. (96)

**75.** God liberates his people using Moses as the \_\_\_\_\_ he chooses to bring this about. (90)

77. As with other books of the Torah, the stories of Exodus were collected and \_\_\_\_\_\_ at the time of the Babylonian Exile. (88)

**78.** Sprinkling the animal's blood on the \_\_\_\_\_ served for the purification of the Temple. (106)

**81.** Jewish scholars teach that the five

books of Moses end while "we are still in the wilderness". So they are laws for \_\_\_\_\_, like all people are throughout their lives.(108)

**83.** The sixth plague (93)

**85.** In the book of Exodus, \_\_\_\_\_ the people heard God speak the commandments. (100)

**88.** God liberates the \_\_\_\_. (95)

**91.** Mature, usually male, members of the Israelite community who met regularly to rule on specific disputes within the community. (97)

**92.** The third basic human drive and need is in \_\_\_\_\_ life with others. (99)

**96.** To <u>God</u> means we accept God as our Creator. (100)

**98.** The Israelites were put into slavery because the Egyptian leaders were concerned about them siding with Egypt's \_\_\_\_\_. (88)

99. The tenth commandment is opposed to \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, and avarice. (2 words)(102)

**100.** The slave economy of Moses' time in Egypt is quite clearly historically . (90)

and praise to God. **102.** All human live is of \_\_\_\_\_ value. (101) (105)**103.** Leviticus contains a section of law which deals with laws of clean and unclean \_\_\_\_.(106) **104.** While living in the desert, Moses receives his amazing call to be the \_\_\_\_\_ of God's people. (90) **108.** The first plague turned the Nile into \_\_\_\_. (93) **109.** What is important in the Moses tradition is not necessarily the name of God, but rather \_\_\_ God is known and God has done and will do. (2 words)(91) 113. The sacrificial gift represented repentance and sorrow, and it served as the symbolic act of God for forgiveness. (105) 114. The book of Leviticus includes laws dealing with concerns about \_ and maintaining a sense of "being clean". (105) 116. The religious, civil, and ritual statute from God by which the Israelites were to become a holy people. (99) 117. Sacrifice of \_\_\_\_ offerings had as its

purpose to give glory