

Name _____
Period _____
Date _____

Marriage and Holy Orders
Directed Reading Guide
Unit 1 God is Calling You
Chapter 1: Called to Holiness

Directions: Read the assigned pages for each section and fill in the missing information. All the answers are found in sequential order as you read.

Be Perfect

Read pages 16–17.

1. What is the one area where perfection is really the only acceptable goal and result?
2. Jesus preached that love for neighbor was not enough. What did he challenge his disciples to do?
3. True/False? “Being holy” can be described as living a Christ-like life of perfection.
4. The other word for holiness is _____
5. What does being “perfect” in the Christian sense mean?
6. How can we accomplish perfection?
7. True/False? Not everything God asks of us does he make possible.

We Are Created in God’s Image

Read pages 17-24

1. True/False? Adam and Eve were created in a state of original holiness and justice in which they were meant to share in the life of God.
2. What did God want us to use as a means for reaching eternal destiny?
3. What does the precious gift of freedom make us capable of?
4. What effect did Adam and Eve’s disobedience have?

5. Original sin is the first sin of Adam and Eve, in which they _____ the Commandment of God, choosing to follow their own _____ rather than God's. The effects of Original Sin are shared among _____ ever since.
6. _____: In the Christian sense, sharing or partaking in the nature of God.
7. True/False? In Baptism, Original Sin and all its effects are erased.
8. In _____, God unites man and woman so that they can celebrate their love and share the gift of life.
9. In God's plan, man and woman are intended to be _____ of God's resources on the earth.
10. What is meant by saying the state of original holiness and justice was one of intimacy?
11. The second creation story tells us that human beings are created with a body and a soul.
 - a. The _____ is the innermost part of man that makes us spiritual people in the _____ of God
 - b. The spiritual soul is not produced by our _____
 - c. It (the soul) is created immediately by God and is _____
12. True/False? The body does not share in the dignity and image of God.
13. What does being sexual mean?
14. Why is every person called to acknowledge his or her sexual identity?
15. Chastity: The _____ by which a person integrates his or her _____ into his or her whole self, body and _____, according to the vocation or state in life.
16. Chastity comes under the virtue of temperance. What is temperance?
17. True/False? Chastity helps us control our sexual desires and use them appropriately according to our state in life.
18. If chastity helps us to master our passions and find peace, what is the alternative?
19. How is sex outside marriage treated today?

20. What is the basic principle for sexual morality?
21. True/False? There is a way to be holy apart from Jesus Christ.
22. The word disciple means “_____”.
23. As Disciples of Christ, our goal is to follow and learn from Jesus. How is this relationship deepened?

The Mystery of God’s Love

Read pages 24-28.

1. What does the term mystery refer to?
2. True/False? God is unknowable.
3. How is God’s mystery revealed?
4. Why does God reveal himself and the mystery of his will over time?
5. True/False? God’s Revelation continues today.
6. What are the two distinct modes of Revelation the Church has been entrusted with?
7. What is the Magisterium? What is its task?
8. The dogmas of the Trinity:
 - a. The Trinity is one. The three Persons do not share their _____ among themselves, but each one of them is God _____ and entire.
 - b. The three Persons are _____ from one another.
 - c. The divine Persons are _____ to one another.
9. True/False? The three Persons of the Trinity have one nature or substance.
10. What does the relationship of community among the three Persons of the Holy Trinity help to model?
11. The ultimate goal of our lives is entry into the _____ of the Blessed Trinity.

Our Desire for God

Read pages 28-31

1. What did Cardinal Bernardin observe about human beings?

2. How has God fully revealed himself and his divine plan?
3. True/False? Even with natural reason man can know God with certainty based on his works.
4. What are ways we can approach God, know God?
 - a. Through examining the gift of _____, using two points of departure: the _____ world and the _____
 - b. Christ is God himself in human flesh. Exploring his life and words in detail is the _____ way to uncover God's _____
5. What does the virtue of faith enable us to believe in?
6. What does the gift of faith enable us to commit ourselves to?
7. What are the implications for a person with faith listed in the Catechism?
 - a. A faithful person comes to know God's _____ and majesty.
 - b. A faithful person is _____ to God.
 - c. A faithful person knows the _____ of the human community and the _____ of every individual.
 - d. A faithful person makes good use of _____.
 - e. A faithful person _____ God in every circumstance, including _____ and adversity.

Sharing the Divine Life

Read pages 31-35.

1. True/False? It is not possible to share the life of God.
2. What is the way we should go about loving God and growing in his holiness?
3. What are specific ways to avoid anger and work toward reconciliation with our neighbor as a way to show love?
4. True/False? From the time of Original Sin, God, in his providence, ordained a plan of salvation through Christ and the Church as the way to restore holiness and bring us salvation
5. Christ loves the Church. He gave up his _____ for the Church, and he has remained _____ in the Church in all the days since.
 - a. The Church is the sign of Christ's _____ to us.

- b. Like Christ, the Church is a _____, a sign of our inner union with God.
 - c. The Church is an _____ symbol. She not only points to a reality, but she also causes it.
 - d. We come to know _____ through the Church.
6. True/False? The sacraments are not necessary for salvation.
7. The _____ Mystery is the way our _____ is made known through the Life, Death, Resurrection, and Ascension of Jesus Christ. It is made present in the _____, especially the _____.
8. According to the Second Vatican Council document *The Constitution on the Sacred Liturgy*, what is the purpose of the sacraments?
9. What do the sacraments of initiation (Baptism, Confirmation and Eucharist) ground us in?
10. What is the formula Jesus gave us for happiness? What do they clearly explain?
11. What do the Beatitudes teach us to be dependant on God alone for?
12. True/False? Our common Christian vocation, begun at Baptism, is the love of God.