

Name _____

Jesus Christ: God's Revelation to the World
Chapter 4 *The OT: Creation, Covenant & Exodus*

Date _____

Directions: Read through the chapter and fill in the missing information. All the questions run sequential to the chapter. If a true/false statement is false, correct it.

Introduction: Agreements, Deals, Contracts, and Covenants (Page 105)

1. What is a covenant?

Section 1: Formation of the Pentateuch (Pages 107–109)

2. Fill in the blanks: The _____ is a gathering of different of different kinds of writings from different _____ or sources. It focuses on the _____ and their relationship with God. The name Pentateuch literally means “_____” and it includes a variety of types of literature including _____, laws, stories, speeches, and _____.
3. Contrast the difference between source criticism and redaction criticism.

Directions: Write the name one of the four major sources of the Pentateuch next to each description.

4. Employs an anthropomorphic view of God
5. Places great emphasis on morality and the Law
6. The patriarch Abraham is a central figure
7. Includes census lists, genealogies, numbers, and dates
8. Refers to God as Elohim and was the last of the four traditions put into writing
9. Uses the name YHWH for God
10. Highlights the speeches of Moses

Section 2: Creation, the Fall, and the Promise of Redemption (Pages 110–113)

11. Fill in the blanks: The first pages of the Bible tell the _____ about God's _____ of the world and human beings. The two creation stories explain what _____ wanted for all human beings and the subsequent chapters tell of the first humans' loss of _____ through sin. However, God promised to _____ humanity from _____ immediately after this loss.
12. What are three radical differences in the Genesis creation stories when compared with those of other civilizations.

13. True or False? The two creation stories in Genesis are contradictory rather than complementary.
14. Explain the difference between the gifts of Original Holiness and Original Justice.
15. What does the story of the temptation of Adam and Eve illustrate about sin?
16. Fill in the blanks: The term _____ refers to the “_____” sin committed by Adam and Eve and it is their choice affects all their _____. It is sometimes simply called “the _____” and describes their move from paradise to _____. The term also describes the _____ in human experience which includes inner _____, discord with others, apathy toward creation, and _____ from God.
17. True or False? The Protoevangelium—the “first gospel”—is the initial sign that God did not abandon humanity’s first parents or their descendants.
18. Who are the “New Adam” and the “New Eve?”
19. True or False? The stories of Cain and Abel and Noah and the Flood describe how Original Holiness spread in the world following the Fall.

Section 3: God's Call, Promise, and Covenants (Pages 114–118)

20. True or False? The divine-human covenants in the Bible resemble political suzerainty covenants in which one people or area was under the rule of a more powerful nation.
21. True or False? Chapters 1–11 contain the prehistory portion of Genesis which means that they took place before recorded history.
22. What three promises did God make to Abraham in Genesis 12:2–3?
23. Fill in the blanks: God _____ his promises to Abram in a dream and later changed his name to _____ and his wife’s name to _____ to show that they were beginning a completely new _____ together. God promised him that the covenant would continue through his _____ throughout the ages as an _____ covenant.
24. True or False? By requiring circumcision at infancy, the covenant emphasized the lifelong and eternal nature of relationship to God.
25. What does it mean to say that Abraham is a model of faith? When was this faith tested?

26. Who were the stewards of the promises that God gave to Abraham?

27. Fill in the blanks: Jacob had two important encounters with _____. God reaffirmed with him the terms of his _____ with Abraham while he was on the road to _____. Years later, Jacob _____ with a mysterious person all night. This meeting blessed Jacob and transformed him from a crafty deceiver into an _____ man and God gave him a new name—_____—meaning “one who contends with God.”

28. How does the story of Joseph set the stage for the Book of Exodus?

Section 4: The Exodus and the Giving of the Law (Pages 119–124)

29. True or False? The Book of Leviticus picks up the Israelite’s story when a new Egyptian pharaoh enslaved the Israelites and God call Moses to free them from slavery in Egypt.

30. Fill in the blanks: Moses—after _____—is the main figure in the Exodus story. Appearing to him in a _____, God called him to lead the Chosen People out of _____. After appointing _____ as his spokesperson, the two shared God’s plan with the Israelite _____ and the pharaoh. Only after God sent _____ was the pharaoh finally persuaded to _____ the Israelites.

31. Explain how the Israelites escaped the final plague.

32. True or False? The Israelites belonged to the Twelve Tribes of Israel, meaning that they were descendants of Israel’s twelve sons.

33. How did God respond to the complaints of the Israelites in the desert?

34. Explain the three elements of the Sinai Covenant.

35. True or False? The Israelites agreed to the terms of the Sinai Covenant by building a temple with twelve pillars to represent the Twelve Tribes and by sacrificing some young bulls and splashing their blood on the people and the altar.

36. Fill in the blanks: There are 613 _____ listed in the last four books of the _____ and the Ten Commandments summarize the Law by serving as a basic _____ for the Israelites to follow in order to keep their commitment to the _____. The many Israelite laws reflected a major advance over their _____ because they prescribe the type of _____ Israel should have as God’s People.

37. What are examples of the constant “murmurings” of the Israelites?

38. Fill in the blanks: The tribe of _____—which takes its name from one of the sons of _____—was the priestly tribe in charge of Israel’s public _____, animal sacrifices, and ritual offerings. The Book of _____

stresses the theme of God's holiness and the human _____ to worship him with respect and _____ and seeing God as part of _____.

39. Explain the challenge of the Book of Deuteronomy.

40. True or False? In short, the Pentateuch reveals God's patient and constant love for all humanity.