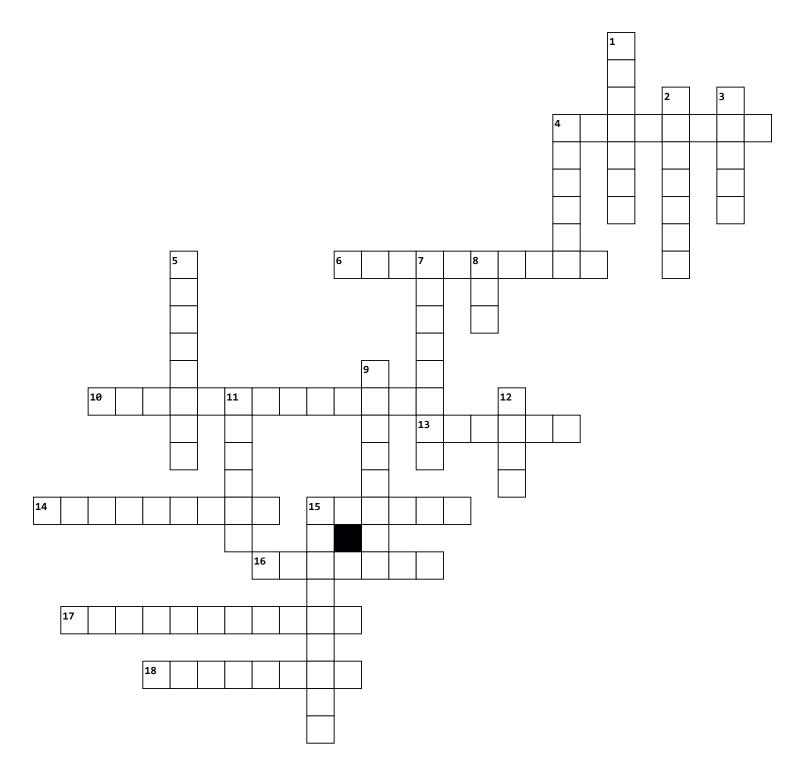
God Loves Crossword Puzzle Chapter 4



Across

- **4.** Most historians associate the beginning of the _____ period with the fall of the Western Roman Empire in 476.
- **6.** Many monasteries were tasked with copying manuscripts, including the Sacred ______.
- **10.** A period in Europe which maintained that religious people of the Middle Ages needed to be

Down

- **1.** The importance of Pope Leo the Great is accentuated by the way he negotiated with the _____, keeping their army from burning the city of Rome.
- **2.** A person is known as a "_____ of God" when a sponsoring diocese or other organization submits a set of documents to Rome for the

brought into the light of human reason.	consideration of the person's "cause" for canonization. 3. The official body of rules that provide good order in the Catholic Church is calledLaw.
13. In Gregory VII's case, the papacy proved to be a force for	
 14. In the second century, St. Irenaeus of Lyon articulated the principle of succession. 15. Monks and nuns consecrated themselves to Christ and committed themselves to and work. 	
	4. Much of the Ages featured varying examples of "good popes" and "bad popes."
	5. Like the Desert Fathers, St of Nursia initially fled the world to live as a hermit in the hills of Italy, but eventually helped to organize many monasteries, composing a rule of life for the Monks.
16. During the Middle Ages, the relics of were venerated by Christians and shared with many local churches.	
17. Monasteries were great centers of with the Monks teaching reading, writing, and mathematics.	7. Monasteries became centers of, growing agricultural products, raising livestock, producing cloth from wool, mining and manufacturing metal goods.
18. Monasteries were for men and were for women.	8. In order to be declared either "Blessed" or "Saint" there must be the confirmation of at least certifiable miracles in that person's life.
	9. Many priests and bishops at the time flouted the Church's requirement of and were involved in illicit sexual relationships.
	11. The dicastery in Rome carefully investigates a person's cause to see if he or she demonstrated " virtue."
	12. The bishop of Rome is called the
	15. St. Augustine's observation that the Church is a "mixed body" of saints and sinners is called copus