

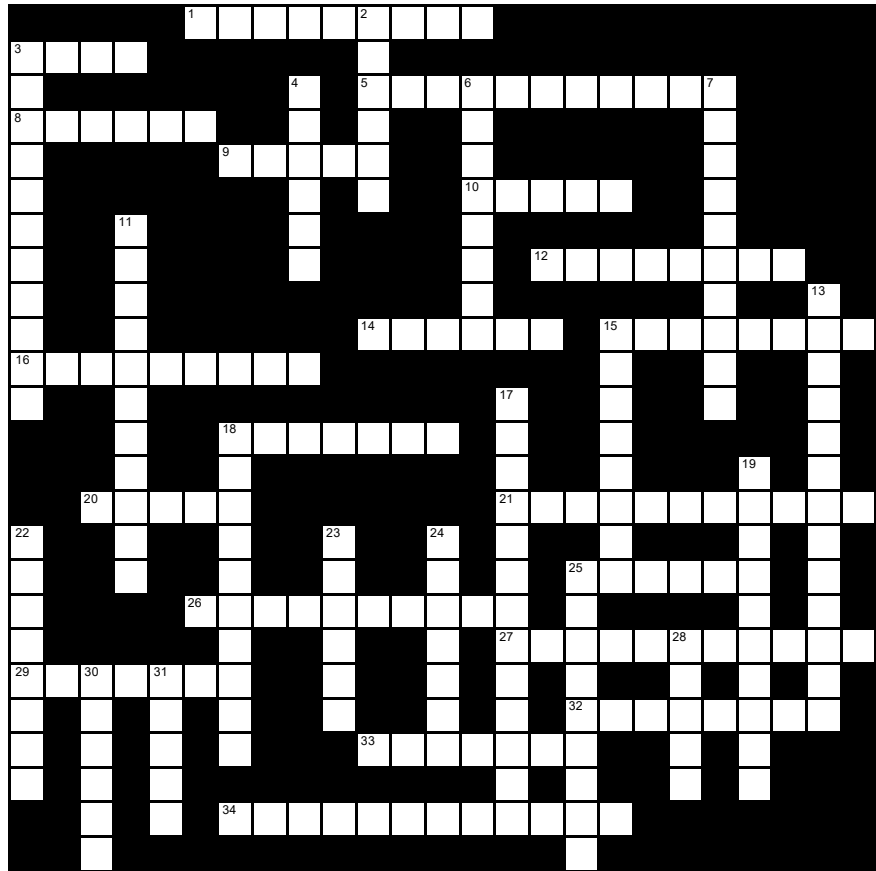
Name _____

Encountering Jesus in the New Testament
Chapter 8 The Gospel of John

Date _____

Across

- 1 One of the key themes in John: Jesus is the ____ (4,2,3)
- 3 The “beloved disciple” (4)
- 5 The Feast of ____ is also called the Feast of Booths which was originally a Canaanite celebration of the harvest (11)
- 8 A pool of water outside of the city of Jerusalem that received the waters of the Gihon Spring (6)
- 9 John’s Gospel is sometimes described as having a “descending Christology,” or a “Christology from ____” (5)
- 10 Greek for “Word,” it can mean message, teaching, extended speech, or self-expression (5)
- 12 Unlike Mark the storyteller, Matthew the teacher, or Luke the historian, the evangelist of John’s Gospel is very interested in ____ (8)
- 14 John presents a more ____ and holy Jesus than the synoptics (6)
- 15 The Feast of Dedication, also known as ____, commemorates the rededication of the altar and the reconstruction of the Temple under the Maccabees (8)
- 16 To Stoic philosophers, the Logos was the ____ principle that held the world together (9)
- 18 There are no mentions of ____ possessions in John (7)
- 20 Another name for miracles in the Gospel of John (5)
- 21 A branch of theology that studies the meaning of the Divine Person of Jesus Christ (11)
- 25 Jesus’ reference to “____” refers to his Passion, Death, and Glorification (2,4)
- 26 In the ancient world, ____ of many texts was attributed more to the person who inspired a particular text (10)
- 27 The synoptic Gospels describe miracles as “____” that help establish the Kingdom of God (4,2,5)
- 29 A type of paper made from reed found in the delta of the Nile River and parts of Italy (7)
- 32 The first eighteen verses of the Gospel of John which serve as an overview of the Gospel (8)
- 33 As late as the last decade of the first century the followers of John the Baptist wrongly believed that he was the ____ (7)
- 34 Jesus’ healing of the son of the royal official teaches the power of this type of prayer (12)



Down

- 2 In the fourth Gospel Jesus focuses on himself as God’s revelation, one who shows you the way to the ____ (6)
- 3 The opening verses of John stress the doctrine of the Incarnation, that God became human in the Divine Person of ____ (5,6)
- 4 The fourth and fifth signs parallel the ____ miracles (6)
- 6 An ____ in chapter 21 includes Jesus’ Resurrection appearances in Galilee (8)
- 7 The Gospel of John was written for Jewish Christians who were expelled from ____ after the First Jewish Revolt (10)
- 11 A doctrine which teaches that God became human in the Divine Person of Jesus Christ (11)
- 13 John reports that she was the first person to whom Jesus appeared after the Resurrection (4,9)
- 15 The virtue that reminds people that God is the author of all good. (8)
- 17 There are only minor ____ between the four Gospel accounts of the Resurrection (13)
- 18 Jesus’ teachings in John’s Gospel usually take the form of long ____ (10)
- 19 The visible revelation of the power of the invisible God (5,2,3)
- 22 A word that collectively refers to the Gospels of Matthew, Mark, and Luke (8)
- 23 Makes the strongest proclamation of faith in Jesus in any of the Gospels (6)
- 24 A solid tradition has the Apostle John living here where he likely gathered around him a community of followers (7)
- 25 Implied comparisons (9)
- 28 One of the reasons John wrote his Gospel was to combat ____ ideas about Jesus’ full humanity or divinity (5)
- 30 A mediator between God and people (6)
- 31 The Hebrew word for “teacher” (5)