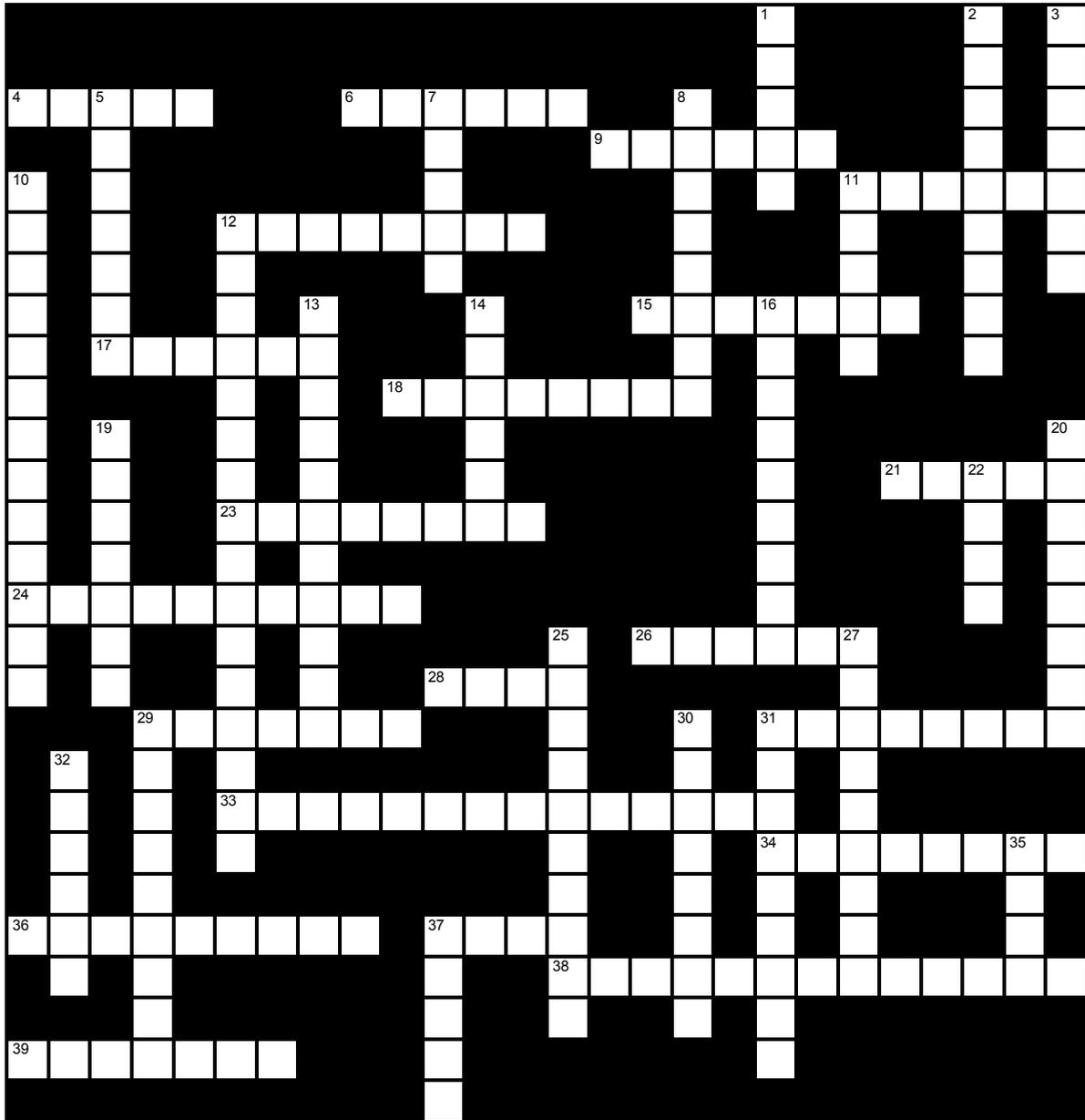


Name \_\_\_\_\_  
 Date \_\_\_\_\_  
 Class Period \_\_\_\_\_

The Old Testament: Our Call to Faith & Justice  
 Chapter 6 The Monarchy



**Across**

- 4 From his birth to death, \_\_\_\_ participated in the life of the Temple in Jerusalem. (5)
- 6 Saul was as much the last of the \_\_\_\_ as he was the first king of Israel (6)

- 9 The Assyrian siege of Jerusalem was led by this king (6)
- 11 The last independent king of Judah, and one of only two kings to receive unmitigated praise in the Old Testament (6)
- 12 Empire which conquered all of the

- Northern Kingdom by 722 BC (8)
- 15 The prophecy in 2 Samuel 7 is the basis for the Jewish expectation of a \_\_\_\_ (7)
  - 17 Israelite peasant abused by Jezebel and Ahab (6)
  - 18 The Assyrians feared the rise of a group of “coalition states” that recognized \_\_\_\_ as their head (8)
  - 21 David’s father (5)
  - 23 There is conflicting evidence in the Old Testament as to whether Solomon \_\_\_\_ his own people in addition to foreigners (8)
  - 24 The battle between Baal and Yam echoes the better-known story of the \_\_\_\_ god Marduk against Tiamat (10)
  - 26 Solomon’s \_\_\_\_ is related in the story about a dispute he settle between two women who both claimed an infant as her own son (6)
  - 28 Saul’s unfaithfulness to \_\_\_\_ contributed to his downfall (4)
  - 29 From the family of King David, a \_\_\_\_ was formed with an ancestral line that led to the birth of the Messiah (7)
  - 31 Shortly after Solomon’s death, a group broke away from the Southern Kingdom and formed a separate state under King \_\_\_\_ (8)
  - 33 Babylonian king who defeated Jerusalem in 597 BC (14)
  - 34 This language closely resembled Hebrew (8)
  - 36 One reason worship of pagan gods was tempting to the Israelites is that it was associated with \_\_\_\_, and agriculture was the basis of all ancient economies (9)
  - 37 The Canaanite god of fertility, associated with storms and rain (4)
  - 38 An \_\_\_\_ religion is one that tends to support the power of the ruling class over the common people (13)

- 39 Solomon has a reputation for being a great \_\_\_\_ in the Bible (7)

### Down

- 1 The path to the throne for David was paved with \_\_\_\_ (5)
- 2 The Temple was a place of \_\_\_\_ and atonement (9)
- 3 Egyptian king who protected Jeroboam (7)
- 5 The last king of a united monarchy (7)
- 7 He conquered the Trans-Jordanian states, gaining control of the major trade routes linking Egypt and Mesopotamia (5)
- 8 They condemned the fact that trade prosperity benefited mainly elite landowners (8)
- 10 Name for the exiles after the conquest of Israel by the Assyrians (3,4,6)
- 11 The name of the southern kingdom after the splitting of the monarchy (5)
- 12 The portable shrine built to hold the tablets on which Moses wrote the Law (3,2,3,8)
- 13 The conflicts between the Israelites and \_\_\_\_ became severe between 1200-1000 BC (11)
- 14 Many details of the \_\_\_\_ reflected Canaanite-Phoenician patterns (6)
- 16 The twelve loaves of bread presented on the altar every Sabbath as an offering to YHWH (9)
- 19 A Canaanite princess, married to Ahab, one of the kings of the northern kingdom (7)
- 20 Solomon’s son and successor (8)
- 22 The first king of Israel (4)
- 25 Two books that cover the same period of time as those covered in the books of Samuel and Kings (10)
- 27 Biblical historians portray Solomon’s political \_\_\_\_ as the source of his downfall (9)

- 29** Jeroboam built temples in these two northern cities (3,6)
- 30** King of the southern kingdom who formed an alliance with the Assyrians (8)
- 31** The Temple was destroyed in the Babylonian capture of \_\_\_\_ in 587 BC (9)
- 32** The name of the northern kingdom after the splitting of the monarchy (6)
- 35** Philistine weapons were fashioned with this substance (4)
- 37** American slaveholders never wanted their slaves to read the \_\_\_\_ (5)