

This Is Our Church Chapter Two - Difficult

Across

3. Second century bishop of Smyrna who was put to death for refusing to worship the emperor and other Roman gods

7. In Corinth Paul lived at the home of ____ and ____ who also joined him on later missionary trips

8. Assistants who helped the Apostles in their work, especially caring for the poor and sick

9. Where the followers of Jesus were first called Christian

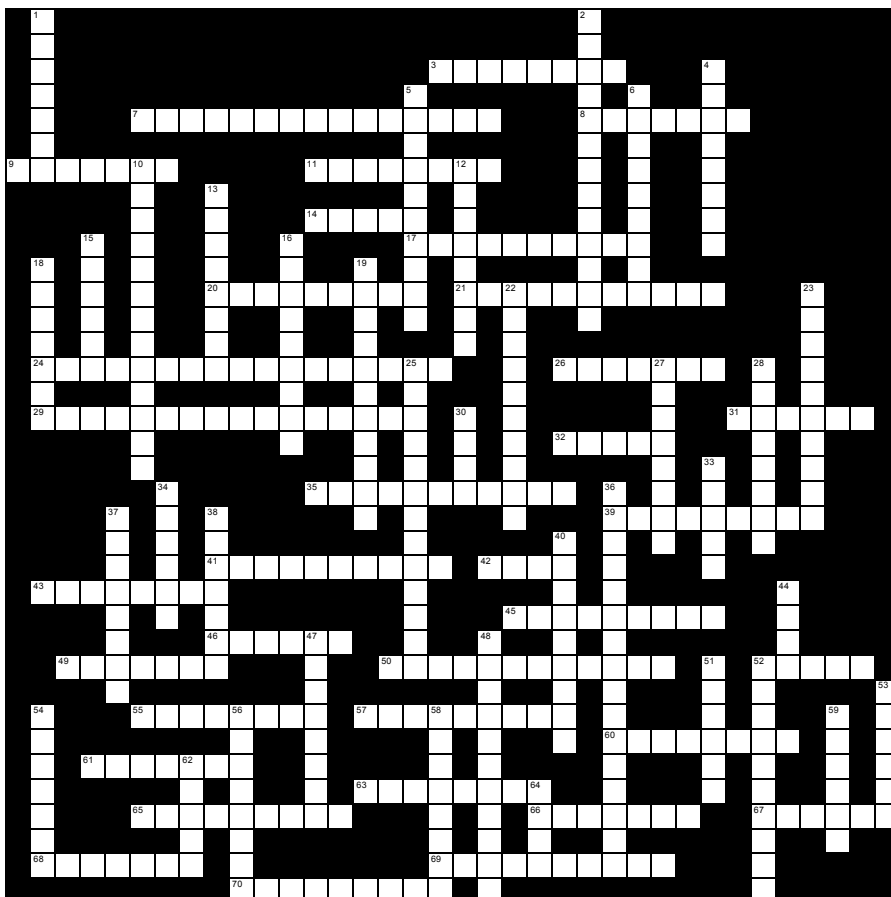
11. Jesus used these to demonstrate that God's power had broken into human history

14. This often accompanied the Eucharist in the early Church to celebrate Christian fellowship and unity

17. He said that the blood of martyrs is the seed of the Church

20. The relative peace for twenty-five years at the time of Jesus birth

21. Literally means "right living"



24. He sent letters to seven churches that stressed the role of the bishop

26. From apostolic times when whole households received Baptism, they may also have been baptized

29. Jesus saw the role of the Messiah as a ____

31. The new Christians shared their

possessions in ____, prayed and worshipped together, and engaged in charitable works

32. The town where Peter had a vision convincing him that the Gospel was meant not just for the Jews but for all people

35. Jesus became the ____ slaughtered for the salvation of all

39. The Jewish sect

with whom Jesus had much in common

41. Early Christian missionaries used these as a kind of home base as they traveled

42. The Acts of the Apostles concludes with Paul in this city

43. The Galilean town where Jesus grew up as a wood worker

45. Literally means right teaching
46. The Gospels point out that Jesus ____ at significant and decisive moments in his life
49. A radical Jewish sect that hated Roman rule and were successful in starting a revolution against Rome
50. This was the definitive proof of Jesus' divine origin and the central fact of the preaching of the Apostles
52. He enthusiastically witnessed to the life and teaching of Jesus, telling everyone to repent and be baptized
55. When the Jews did not listen to Paul, he turned to the ____, stressing the universal message of Christianity
57. The aristocratic Jewish leaders who controlled Temple worship
60. The sin of denying one's faith to avoid being killed
61. A catechetical document that may have been written as early as AD 64 providing moral teachings and explanation of rites
63. Jesus was ultimately put to death on this charge
65. A heresy that preached the imminent coming of Christ and taught a rigorous form of asceticism
66. Paul spent almost three years in this city in Asia Minor where he raised the ire of the town's silversmiths
67. For ten years after his conversion, Paul remained in his home town of ____
68. He circulated a heresy which denied that a good God could have created the material world
69. These were second-century writers who defended and explained Christianity to nonbelievers
70. The Jewish ruling body
- Down**
1. Deacon and first martyr of the Church
2. The persecution of the Christians was stepped up in Jerusalem under the reign of this king
4. The first crisis in the Christian community involved Greek-speaking ____ who came from cities around the Roman Empire
5. The last and perhaps worst of all the Roman persecutions took place under this emperor
6. Paul heeded the dream about a man from ____ and brought the good news to Europe
10. A traditional title given to theologians of the first eight centuries
12. Jesus often ate meals with sinners to demonstrate God's acceptance and forgiveness of ____
13. A Jewish historian who mentioned Jesus in his writings
15. The most famous Christian apologist of the second century who wrote his First Apology to the emperor Antoninus Pius
16. A Church council held in this city in about AD 49 resolved the conflict about whether or not Gentile converts were subject to Jewish regulations
18. He baptized Paul in Damascus
19. One of the accusations made by the Romans against the Christians
22. Paul was the Church's greatest missionary and greatest ____
23. They are rooted in the words and actions of Christ
25. The period of preparation for initiation into the Church known as the ____, could take three years
27. He taught a heresy which said that no bishop could absolve a person who rejected Jesus Christ, murdered, or committed adultery
28. Bishops trace their lineage, by divine institution, to these men whom Christ ordained at the Last Supper
30. A vigorous missionary, courageous defender of the faith, builder and sustainer of Christian communities, and a brave martyr
33. The governor of Bithynia who wrote a letter to the emperor Trajan advising him about the punishment of Christians
34. He taught three ways of interpreting Scripture: the literal, moral, and allegorical

36. Those men who personally knew the Apostles or their disciples

37. The high priest who cooperated in handing Jesus over to the Roman prefect

38. The office of ____ or overseers were to preside at the Eucharist, preach, baptize, and forgive sin

40. The coming of the Holy Spirit; sometimes known as the birthday of the Church

44. The author of the Acts of the Apostles

47. Paul kept in contact with many of the churches he had founded by writing these

48. According to tradition, Peter died by ____ in the first wave of Nero's persecution

51. A word meaning witness

52. At first there was little difference between bishops and elders known as ____

53. This emperor required all citizens to have a certificate proving that they offered sacrifice to the pagan gods of the Empire

54. A principle theme

of Jesus' preaching was the advent of God's ____

56. Prominent Church Father who effectively argued against Gnosticism

58. The emperor who initiated the most severe persecution of the first century

59. Most of the early Christians were ____

62. The complete list of books in the Bible is called the ____ of Scripture

64. He falsely accused Christians of the burning of Rome in order to deflect blame from himself